

## NORMALIZED RATIONAL SEMIREGULAR GRAPHS\*

RANDALL J. ELZINGA<sup>†</sup>

*Dedicated to the memory of Prof. David Gregory*

**Abstract.** Let  $G$  be a graph and let  $A$  and  $D$  be the adjacency matrix of  $G$  and diagonal matrix of vertex degrees of  $G$  respectively. If each vertex degree is positive, then the *normalized adjacency matrix* of  $G$  is  $\hat{A} = D^{-1/2}AD^{-1/2}$ . A classification is given of those graphs for which the all eigenvalues of the normalized adjacency matrix are integral. The problem of determining those graphs  $G$  for which  $\lambda \in \mathbb{Q}$  for each eigenvalue  $\lambda$  of  $\hat{A}(G)$  is considered. These graphs are called *normalized rational*. It will be shown that a semiregular bipartite graph  $G$  with vertex degrees  $r$  and  $s$  is normalized rational if and only if every eigenvalue of  $A$  is a rational multiple of  $\sqrt{rs}$ . This result will be used to classify the values of  $n$  for which the semiregular graph (with vertex degrees 2 and  $n - 1$ ) obtained from subdividing each edge of  $K_n$  is normalized rational. Necessary conditions for the  $k$ -uniform complete hypergraph on  $n$  vertices to be normalized rational are also given. Finally, conditions for the incidence graphs of Steiner triple and quadruple systems to be normalized rational are given.

**Key words.** graphs, hypergraphs, semiregular graphs, normalized Laplacian matrix

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<sup>†</sup>Department of Mathematics and Computer Science, Royal Military College, Kingston, Ontario, Canada (Randy.Elzinga@rmc.ca). This work was supported by NSERC grant 28525